

## AMENDMENTS TO CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

### Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for authenticating a smart card (*SIM*) in a messaging network, ~~preferably a GSM network,~~ wherein an algorithm and a secret key are stored in a smart card (*SIM*), whereby for authentication

- the network or a network component first transfers a random number (*RAND*) to the smart card,
- a response signal (*SRES*) is generated therefrom in the smart card by means of the algorithm and the secret key ( $K_i$ ) and transmitted to the network or network component, characterized in that
- to form the response signal (*SRES*) the secret key ( $K_i$ ) and the random number (*RAND*) are each split into at least two parts ( $K_1, K_2; RAND_1, RAND_2$ ),
- one of the parts ( $RAND_1, RAND_2$ ) of the transferred random number (*RAND*) is encrypted with the aid of one or more parts ( $K_1, K_2$ ) of the secret key ( $K_i$ ) by means of a one- or multistep[[,]] ~~preferably symmetrical~~ algorithm.

2. (Original) A method according to claim 1, characterized in that a given number of bits is selected from the encryption result and transferred as a signal response (*SRES*) to the network.

3. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 1, characterized in that at least one of the secret key ( $K_i$ ) ~~and/or~~ and the random number (*RAND*) are split into two parts.

4. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 1, characterized in that a part of the transferred random number (*RAND*) and one ~~and/or~~ or more parts of the secret key ( $K_i$ ) are used

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to calculate a channel coding key ( $K_c$ ) by means of a one- or multistep algorithm, at least one part of the calculation result being used as the channel coding key ( $K_c$ ).

5. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, characterized in that the key ( $K_i$ ) and the random number ( $RAND$ ) are split into two equally long parts ( $K_1, K_2 / RAND_1, RAND_2$ ).

6. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 1, characterized in that DES algorithms are used to calculate at least one of the authentication parameters ( $SRES, SRES'$ ) ~~and/or~~ and the channel coding key ( $K_c$ ).

7. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 1, characterized in that ~~the, preferably one-~~ step ~~[[,]]~~ an IDEA algorithm is used to calculate the authentication parameters ( $SRES, SRES'$ ) ~~and/or~~ and the channel coding key ( $K_c$ ).

8. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 1, characterized in that a compression algorithm whose output value has a smaller length than the input parameter is used to calculate the authentication parameters ( $SRES, SRES'$ ) ~~and/or~~ and the channel coding key ( $K_c$ ).

9. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim ~~1~~ 8, characterized in that the calculation of the authentication parameters is effected in an at least two-step algorithm.

10. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 1, characterized in that a triple DES algorithm is used as an encryption algorithm, whereby one first encrypts with the first part ( $K_1$ ) of the key ( $K_i$ ), then decrypts with the second part ( $K_2$ ) of the key ( $K_i$ ) and thereupon encrypts again with the first part ( $K_1$ ) or a third part of the key ( $K_i$ ), by means of a one- or multistep ~~[[,]]~~ preferably symmetrical algorithm.

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11. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, characterized in that a selection of the first or second part of the random number (*RAND*) is effected in the same way in the card and the network in random or pseudorandom alternation.

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